SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to UN-GHS (rev. 7)

B-Cool Motec 501

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : B-Cool Motec 501

Article No. : 11501-03

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Industrial use only. Metal working fluids

Uses advised against
Consumer use.

Manufacturer : BLASER SWISSLUBE AG
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Supplier's details : Blaser Swisslube Solutions Private Limited
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Time Tower, Main MG Road, Sector 28
IN-Gurgaon, Pin-122 002
Tel:+91 (0) 124-4994000
E-Mail: india@blaser.com

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : reach@blaser.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : 000 800 100 7479 (24h/7d)

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H303 - May be harmful if swallowed.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Section 2. Hazard identification

General : Not applicable.

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.
P264 + P265 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.
P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response : P301 + P317 - IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P333 + P317 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.
P332 + P317 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.
P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P317 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	Identifiers
2,2'-(methylimino)diethanol	≤10	CAS: 105-59-9 EC: 203-312-7
Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	≤10	CAS: 68002-96-0 EC: 614-209-5
Fatty acids, castor-oil, polymd.	≤10	CAS: 68604-47-7 EC: 614-641-4
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	≤5	CAS: 124-68-5 EC: 204-709-8
2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol	≤5	CAS: 102-71-6 EC: 203-049-8
Alcohols, C8-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	≤5	CAS: 69013-18-9
Phosphoric acid, mono- and bis(C16-20-branched and linear alkyl) esters	≤3	CAS: 97468-33-2 EC: 946-101-1
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with acrylic acid	≤3	CAS: 53980-88-4 EC: 939-424-4
2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol	≤3	CAS: 115-70-8 EC: 204-101-2
dicyclohexylamine	≤2	CAS: 101-83-7 EC: 202-980-7
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(carboxymethyl)-ω-[(9Z)-9-octadecen-1-yloxy]-	≤2	CAS: 57635-48-0
benzotriazole	≤2	CAS: 95-14-7 EC: 202-394-1
Phosphoric acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich	≤1.5	CAS: 154518-38-4

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

		EC: 800-484-0
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	<1	CAS: 110-25-8 EC: 203-749-3
2-aminobutan-1-ol	≤0.3	CAS: 96-20-8 EC: 202-488-2
2-n-butyl-benzo[d]isothiazol-3-one	<0.1	CAS: 4299-07-4 EC: 420-590-7

Additional information :

Neutralisation product: Equilibrium of Ionic Pairs according to REACH Annex V, 4.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F). Shelf life: 24 months. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Nitrile gloves. thickness 0.3 mm (minimum) .

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Yellow.

Odor : Characteristic.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 8.8 to 9.6 [Conc. (% w/w): 5%]

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Pour point : <0°C (<32°F)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range : Not available.

Flash point : Open cup: Not applicable.

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit : Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Relative vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Density : 0.971 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 172 mm^2/s (172 cSt)

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Shelf life: 24 months.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2,2'-(methylimino)diethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4780 mg/kg	-
Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Fatty acids, castor-oil, polymd.	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6400 mg/kg	-
Alcohols, C8-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Phosphoric acid, mono- and bis(C16-20-branched and linear alkyl) esters	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with acrylic acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	6176 mg/kg	-
2-amino-2-ethylpropanediol	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
dicyclohexylamine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	200 mg/kg	-
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(carboxymethyl)-ω-[(9Z)-9-octadecen-1-yloxy]-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

benzotriazole	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
Phosphoric acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
2-n-butyl-benzo[d]isothiazol-3-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4267 to 4732 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Eyes : pH value - Used for classification

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
B-Cool Motec 501	4881.7	>5000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, castor-oil, polymd.	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol	6400	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alcohols, C8-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fatty acids, tall-oil, reaction products with acrylic acid	6176	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
dicyclohexylamine	200	200	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(carboxymethyl)-ω-[(9Z)-9-octadecen-1-yloxy]-	2500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzotriazole	500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5
2-aminobutan-1-ol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Alcohols, C16-18, ethoxylated propoxylated	LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	LC50 193 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol	Chronic NOEC 16 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - *Daphnia magna*	21 days
dicyclohexylamine	Acute EC50 70.1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - *Daphnia magna*	48 hours
benzotriazole	LC50 180 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 15.8 mg/l	Daphnia - *Daphnia galeata*	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l	Daphnia - *Daphnia galeata*	21 days
Phosphoric acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich	EC50 150 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	EC50 6.3 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 24 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	NOEC 110 mg/l	Algae	-
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	LC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-n-butyl-benzo[d]isothiazol-3-one	EC50 0.45 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	EC50 0.093 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 0.15 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
benzotriazole	-	-	Not readily
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	-	85%; < 28 day(s)	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
2,2'-(methylimino)diethanol	-1.08	-	Low
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	-0.63	-	Low
2,2',2''-nitrilotriethanol	-1	<3.9	Low
dicyclohexylamine	2.724	459	Low
benzotriazole	1.44	-	Low
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	3.5 to 4.2	-	Low
2-aminobutan-1-ol	-0.45	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling

Section 13. Disposal considerations

emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

15.1 International regulations

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

15.2 Other regulations

Chemical Safety Assessment : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing : 5. Nov. 2024

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5. Nov. 2024

Date of previous issue : 18. Oct. 2024

Version : 1.02

Prepared by : Product Stewardship Blaser Swisslube AG

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
EC50 = Half maximal effective concentration
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50 = Median lethal concentration
LD50 = Median lethal dose

Section 16. Other information

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Expert judgment
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Calculation method

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Other EU regulations :

REACH :

Herewith, we confirm that all our products fulfill all the requirements of REACH regulation. All of the raw materials used in our products are either REACH registered or exempt from registration.

ROHS:

BLASER Swisslube products are fully compliant with Annex II of DIRECTIVE 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) and do not contain the following substances above their respective limitations:
Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB), Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE), Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP), Butyl benzyl phthalate (BBP), Dibutyl phthalate (DBP), Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP), chromium Cr^{6}+-compounds,
Heavy metals (Lead or it's compounds, cadmium or it's compounds, mercury or it's compounds).

SVHC:

Herewith we confirm that, with the exceptions of Additive A38 (art.-no. 29182-02), our cutting and grinding fluids do not contain any Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) above the regulatory cut-off limit of 0.1%.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.
Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.